

General Production Programme

Connectors

Unipole from 2 to 150 Amps Coaxial 50 and 75 Ω Coaxial 50 Ω (NIM-CAMAC)

Coaxial 50 Ω for frequency up to 12 GHz

Coaxial 50 Ω SMA Multicoaxial 50 and 75 Ω Multipole from 2 to 106 contacts

High Voltage 3, 5, 8, 10, 15, 30, and 50 kV dc Multi High Voltage 3, 5, and 10 kV dc Triaxial 50 and 75 Ω

Quadrax
Mixed: High Voltage (HV) + Low Voltage (LV)
Mixed: Coax + LV

Thermocouple Multithermocouple
Fibre optic singlemode
Fibre optic multimode
Mixed: fibre optic + LV
For OPTABALL® fibre optic singlemode

Multifluidic Mixed: fluidic + LV Subminiature Miniature Plastic

Printed circuit board

Remote handling

Watertight

Sealed (pressure and/or vacuum)

With plastic outer shell With aluminium outer shell

With stainless steel outer shell

With special radiation resistant insulator material

With screw thread coupling for very high pressure

With microswitch

Adaptors

For BNC, C, UHF, N, CINCH connectors For GEN-RADIO, SMA connectors

For TNC connectors

Patch Panels

For audio-mono applications: triax or 3 contacts (with or without commutator)

For audio-stereo applications: quadrax or 6 contacts For video applications: coax 75 Ω For video HDTV applications: 3 coax 75 Ω + 2LV

For fibre optic applications

Insulator for crimp contacts Accessories

Crimp contacts
Coaxial contacts Fibre optic contacts Fibre optic ferrules

Caps
Strain relief
Insulating washers
Double plastic panel washers

Locking washers

Tapered washers

Hexagonal nuts

Round nuts Conical nuts

Earthing washers Lead-through with cable collet

Tools

Crimping tools Positioners

Crimping dies

Extractors

Fibre optic termination workstation

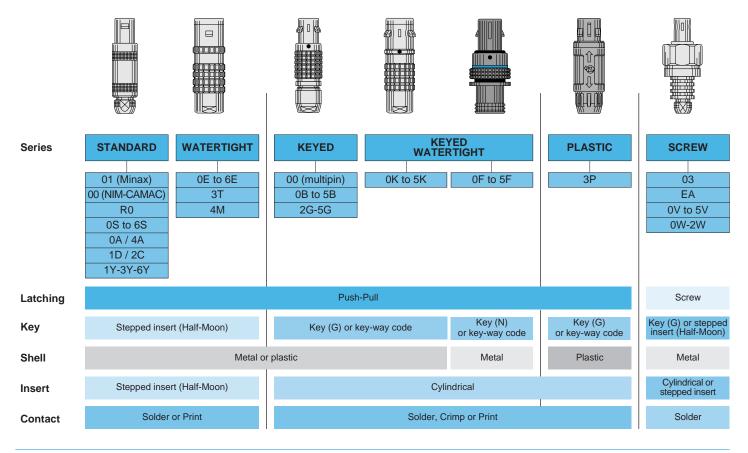
Fibre optic polishing tools

On request Filtered connectors

Connectors with special alloy housing Mixed special connectors Assembly onto cable

Connectors, accessories, and tools found in this catalogue.

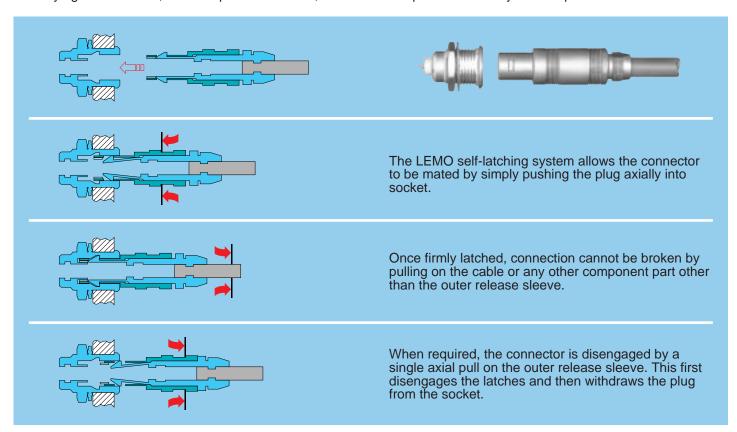
Main Characteristics and Types



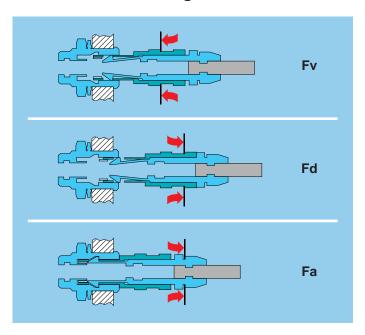


LEMO's Push-Pull Self-Latching Connecting System

This self-latching system is renowned worldwide for its easy and quick mating and unmating features. It provides absolute security against vibration, shock or pull on the cable, and facilitates operation in a very limited space.



Mechanical Connecting Characteristics



Notes: the forces were measured on outer shells not fitted with contacts.

The mechanical endurance represents the number of cycles after which the latching system is still effective (1 cycle = 1 latching/unlatching - 300 cycles per hour). Mechanical endurance: 5000 cycles.

The values were measured according to the standard MIL-STD-1344A method 2013.1.

Fv: average latching force = 9 N

Fd: average unmating force with axial pull on the outer release sleeve = 7 N

Fa: average pull force with axial pull on the collet nut = 120 N

1N = 0,102 kg.



Series and Types

												Types	3									
	Series	Unipole	Coaxial 50 Ω	Coaxial 75 Ω	Multipole	High Voltage	Triaxial 50 Ω	Triaxial 75 Ω	Quadrax	Multi High Voltage (Keyed series)	Multi High Voltage	Multi Coaxial	Mixed HV + LV	Mixed Coax + LV	Mixed Triax + LV	Fibre Optic (single fibre)	Multi Fibre Optic	Mixed FO + LV	Fluidic	Multifluidic	Mixed fluidic + LV	Thermocouple
	01		•				_		U	20						ш 😊			ш.			
	00	•	•				•						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				•			
	R0		•										<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>							
	0A		•												<u> </u>							
	0S			•									<u> </u>	<u> </u>								
	1S	•	•	•	•	•	•															•
	2S				•	•	•	•					•									
	3S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•								
Standard	4S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•								
	5S	•	•	•	•						•	•	•	•								
	6S				•							•		•								
	1D								•													
	2C		•		•																	
	4A							•														
	1Y					•																
	3Y					•																
	6Y					•																
	0E	•	•		•	•	•															•
	1E	•	•	•	•	•	•															•
	2E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•									•
	3E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•								
Watertight	4E 5E	•	•	•	•		•	•					•	•								
	6E	•			•						•	•	•	•								
	3T			•				•														
	4M						•															
	00							•														
	00 0B				•											•			•			•
	1B				•								•									•
	2B				•								•	•				•			•	•
Keyed	3B				•							•	•	•			•	•		•	•	
	4B				•					•		•	•	•			•	•		•	•	
	5B				•					•		•	•	•	•		•					
	2G				•																	
	0K				•														•			•
	1K				•								•									•
Keyed Watertight	2K				•								•	•				•			•	•
watertight	3K			•	•							•	•	•			•	•		•	•	
	4K 5K				•					•		•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	
Plastic	3P									•		•					•					
Plastic	03				•								•	•	<u> </u>			•				
	EA		•		•									<u> </u>								
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>										<u> </u>	<u> </u>		•				<u> </u>		
	0V 1V	•	•	_	•		•															•
Screw	2V	•	•	•	•		•	•					•									•
30.00	3V		•	•	•		•	•			•		•	•								
	4V	•	•	•	•		•	•			-		•	•								
	5V	•			•			-			•	•	•	•								
	2W		i –	i –	•	i -		i -					•	•				•	i -		•	•
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General Characteristics







Outer Shell

Brass

LEMO series 00 connectors have a brass outer shell as standard, and this is suitable for most general purpose applications, including civilian and military.

The brass outer shells have a nickel-plated surface which ensures very good protection against most atmospheres. Alternative protective coatings are available:

- Nickel-chrome offering higher protection against salt air and most corrosive agents
- Nickel-gold
- Nickel-black chrome. After the black chrome treatment, the part is coated with a protective film.

Aluminium Alloy

Aluminium alloy outer shells find numerous applications where light weight is a predominant factor; such as in the aeronautics and space industries, and for portable and mobile equipment.

These materials have high mechanical strength and

excellent resistance to corrosion.

The shell surface is protected by anodizing which is available in six colours: blue, yellow, black, red, green, and natural.

Plastic Materials

A PEEK beige coloured outer shell is available which offers excellent insulating properties and is mostly used in the medical industry. This material is suitable for gas or vapour sterilization.

Other Metallic Components

In general, other components are manufactured from brass. However, bronze is used where good elasticity is required (for example: earthing crown).

These parts are nickel or nickel-gold plated depending on the utilization.

Materials and Treatment

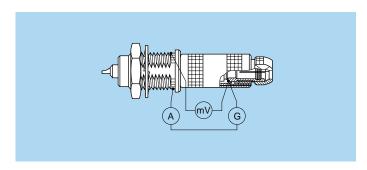
		Surface Treatment (µm)										
Component	Material (Standard)	Nickel		Chrome			Gold			Black Chrome		ome
		Cu	Ni	Cu	Ni	Cr	Cu	Ni	Au	Cu	Ni	Cr
	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	0.5	3	0.3	0.5	3	0.5	-	1	2
Outer shell, collet nut, con- ical nut	Alu. alloy (AA 6012)					а	nodize	ed				
iodi iidi	PEEK (MIL-P-46183)					beig	e colo	ured				
Earthing crown	Cu-Be (UNS C 17300)	0.5	3	_	_	_	0.5	3	1.5	_	_	_
Latch sleeve	Special Brass	0.5	3	_	_	_	0.5	3	1.5	_	_	_
Crimp ferrule	Copper (UNS C 18700)	0.5	3	_	_	_	0.5	3	1.5	_	_	_
Locking washer	Bronze (UNS C 52100)	0.5	3	_	_	_	0.5	3	0.5	_	_	_
Lleve genel put	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	_	_	_	0.5	3	0.5	_	_	_
Hexagonal nut	Alu. alloy (AA 6012) 1)					а	nodize	ed				
Other metallic components	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	_	_	_	0.5	3	0.5	_	_	_
Sealing glands Silicone or FPM		without treatment										

Notes: the surface treatment standards are as follows:

- nickel QQ-N-290A, or MIL-C-26074C
- chrome QQ-N-320B
- gold MIL-G-45204C type I, class 1 (1.5 μm) class 00 (0.5 μm)
- black chrome MIL-C-14538C
- supplied only with aluminium alloy free or fixed sockets.

Electrical Characteristics

Screen continuity: according to test MIL-STD-1344A, method 3007.



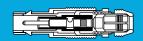
- Values with earthing crown and latch sleeve or inner-sleeve nickel plated.
- R₂ Values with gold-plated earthing crown and nickel plated latch sleeve or inner-sleeve.
- Values with earthing crown and gold-plated latch sleeve or innersleeve.

R_1 (m Ω)	R_2 (m Ω)	R_3 (m Ω)
3.5	2.8	2.0

Testing current: 1A A = Ammeter mV = Millivoltmeter G = Generator









Insulator

Technical Description

LEMO uses virgin quality PTFE for the insulator material of coaxial connectors, which guarantees excellent insulating properties.

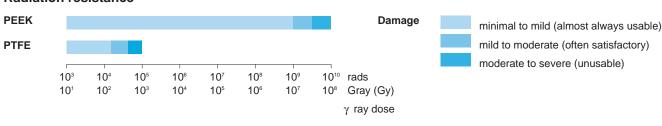
LEMO also proposes PEEK (Polyether Etherketone). Its higher mechanical strength and excellent radiation resistance make it ideal for most applications.

Technical Characteristics

Property	Test method	Unit	PEEK	PTFE
Dielectric strength	ASTM D 149	kV/mm	19 - 25	17.2 - 24
Volume resistivity at 50% HR and 23°C	ASTM D 257	Ω • cm	1016	1018
Surface resistivity	ASTM D 257	Ω	10 ¹⁵	10 ¹⁷
Thermal conductivity	ASTM C 177	W/K • m	0.25	0.23
Comparative tracking index	IEC 112	V	CTI 150	CTI 500
Dielectric constant (10 ⁶ Hz)	ASTM D 150	_	3.2 - 3.5	2 - 2.1
Dissipation factor (10 ⁶ Hz)	ASTM D 150	_	< 0.005	< 0.0003
Continuous service temperature	_	°C	250	260
Water absorption in 24h at 23°C	ASTM D 570	%	< 0.3	< 0.01
Radiation resistance	_	Gy	10 ⁷	2 • 10 ²
Flammability rating	UL 94	_	V 0	V 0

Note: the technical data contained in this chapter gives a general information about plastic materials used by LEMO as electrical insulator materials. LEMO reserves the right to propose new material which would have higher technical characteristics and to withdraw any material contained in this publication or others from LEMO and its subsidiary companies. LEMO only uses granulated, powdered plastic materials or bars from specialized suppliers. LEMO is not responsible, in any case, for these materials.

Radiation resistance







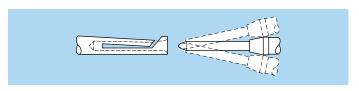


Electrical Contact

Technical Description

The secure, reliable electromechanical connection achieved with LEMO female contacts is mainly due to two important design features:

- Prod proof entry which ensures perfect concentric mating even with well used and/or carelessly handled connectors.
- The pressure spring that maintains a constant, even force on the male contact when mated. The leading edge of the spring is chamfered to slide smoothly on the male contact, preserving the gold-plated surface treatment and preventing undue wear.



Contact Material

LEMO female electrical contacts are made from bronze (UNS C 54400). Bronze is chosen because of its high modulus of elasticity, its excellent electrical conductivity and a high mechanical strength.

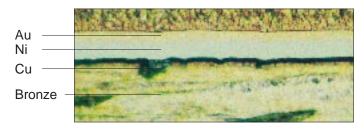
LEMO male solder and print contacts are made from brass (UNS C 38500). Male crimp contacts are made from brass (UNS C 34500) which is ideal for crimping onto the electrical conductor.

Conductor retention method

Both male and female contacts are available in crimp, solder or print versions.



Materials and Treatments



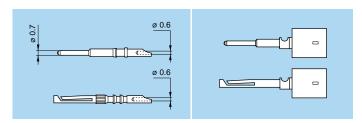
Notes: the standard surface treatments are as follows:

- Nickel QQ-N-290A or MIL-C-26074C
- Gold MIL-G-45204C, type I, class 1.

Type	Material (Standard)	Surface treatment (µm)				
Туре	Material (Staridard)	Cu	Ni	Au		
Male solder	Brass (UNS C 38500)					
Male crimp	Brass (UNS C 34500)	0.5	3	1.5		
Male print	Brass (UNS C 38500)					
Female solder	Drawes					
Female crimp	Bronze (UNS C 54400)	0.5	3	2.0		
Female print	(0.10 0 0 1.100)					

Solder Contacts

The conductor bucket of these contacts is machined at an angle to form a cup into which the solder can flow.



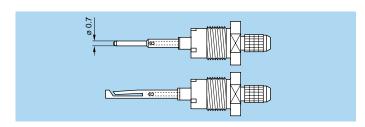
Crimp Contacts

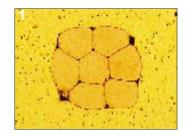
The square form crimp method is used (MIL-C-22520F, type2) (photo 1).

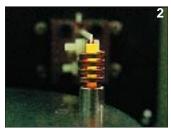
The crimp method requires a controlled compression to obtain a symmetrical deformation of the conductor strand and of the contact material. The radial hole in the side of the contact enables correct positioning of the conductor within the contact to be verified. A good crimping is characterized by a small conductor section reduction and by the quite closed free spaces.

The LEMO crimp contacts are factory annealed to relieve internal stresses, and reduce the risk of the material work hardening during the crimping process.

During this process, an induction heating machine designed by LEMO's Research and Development Department is used (photo 2).





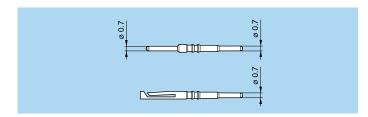


Features of the LEMO crimp contacts:

- Quick and simple assembly
- Insulator is not heated during contact to conductor assembly
- High temperature applications possible
- Increased conductor retention force

Print contacts

Print contacts are available in certain connectors versions, mostly for the straight or elbow sockets models. Connection is made on flexible or rigid printed circuits by soldering



Contact Resistance in Relation to Numbers of Mating Cycles

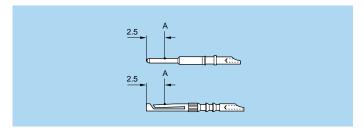
(Corrosion according to MIL-STD-202, method 101D).

Contact resistance (mΩ)						
1000 cycles	3000 cycles	5000 cycles				
5.6	5.7	6.1				

Thickness comparison between the outside and the inside of female contacts

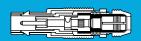
Gold thickness ¹⁾								
	female							
male (µm)	outside (µm)	inside (%)						
1.5	2	60						

Note: ¹⁾ minimal thickness according to MIL-G-45204C, type I, class 1. A = test point











Cable Fixing

Cable fixing onto LEMO connectors is determined by the connector model. This is achieved either with a cable collet system or with hexagonal crimping (MIL-C-22520F, type 2).

The collet system cable fixing is made without any specific tooling. The crimping method guarantees a good electrical continuity of the shield which improves greatly the shielding efficiency of the cable/connector link.

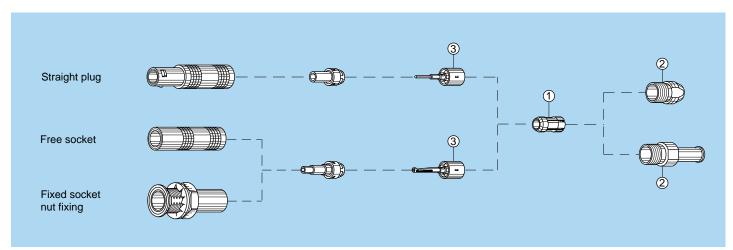
Material and Treatment

Component	Material (Standard)	Surface Treatmen (µm)		
		Cu	Ni	
Earthing sleeve	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	
Collet	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	
Crimp ferrule	Copper (UNS C 18700)	0.5	3	
Collet nut	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	

Note: collet nut tightening torque: maximum 0.25 Nm (1N = 0.102 kg)

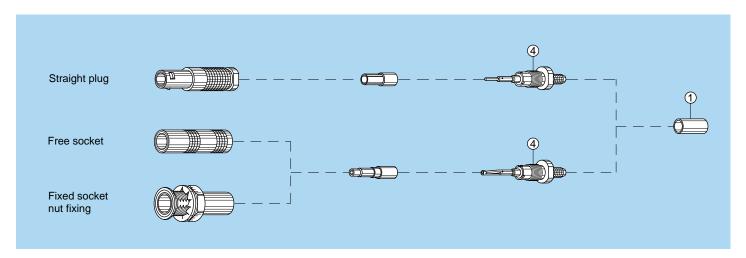
Type C Cable Clamping

This system has an earthing sleeve ③ and a collet ① which is compressed by the collet nut ② to ensure a good clamp onto the cable. When assembling the connector, the cable shield is gripped between the earthing sleeve and the collet.



Type E Crimping

The back end of the crimp nut ⁴ which receives the shield braid, is milled to ensure a good retention of the shield once crimped.





Series 00 (NIM-CAMAC-CD/N 549)

Introduction

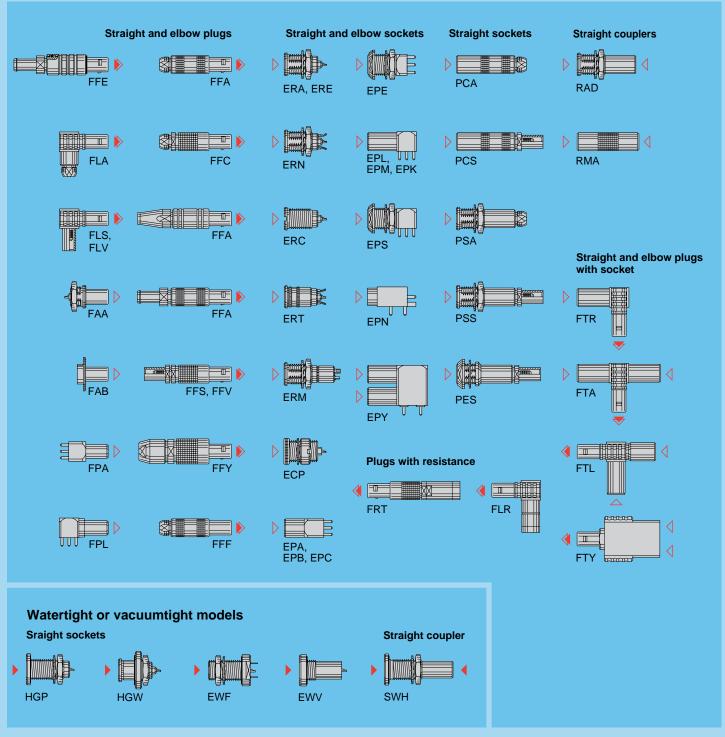
The 00 series is a range of 50 Ω coaxial connectors. They are suitable for a wide variety of applications particularly in measurement, control system and nuclear physics, having formed the basis for the NIM-CAMAC-CD/N 549 standard. LEMO 00 connectors offer customers many benefits including:

- Self-latching push-pull system
- Aesthetically pleasing appearance
- Small size

- High packing density
- Rugged construction
- Ease of use

- Low weight
- Reliable performances
- Wide choice to suit application

Interconnections





Models Description

Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC plug Adaptor from LEMO fixed socket to BNC ABB socket

Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC

ABD Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC fixed socket

Adaptor from LEMO plug to BNC socket Adaptor from LEMO socket to C plug Adaptor from LEMO socket to C socket **ABF ACA** Adaptor from LEMO socket to General-

Radio socket type 874
Adaptor from LEMO socket to UHF plug
Adaptor from LEMO socket to N plug **AGH** Adaptor from LEMO socket to N socket ANB

ANC Adaptor from LEMO socket to N fixed Adaptor from LEMO plug to CINCH

Adaptor from LEMO socket to SMA plug Adaptor from LEMO socket to SMA ASA ASB

socket Adaptor from LEMO plug to SMA socket

Adaptor from LEMO plug to SMA plug **ECP** Straight socket with two nuts **EPA**

Straight socket for printed circuit **EPB** Straight socket for printed circuit (long studs)

Straight socket for printed circuit with clearance under the body

Straight socket with two nuts for printed

EPK Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit with clearance under the body

Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit (long EPN Straight socket for press mouniting in pair

on printed circuit, Elbow socket (90°) with two nuts for printed circuit

Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit with two vertical sockets

Fixed socket, nut fixing

ERC Fixed socket, nut fixing, with slots in flange **ERE** Fixed socket, nut fixing, with conical

lead in

Fixed socket, nut fixing, with microswitch Fixed socket, nut fixing, with tags

Straight socket without thread, force or adhesive fit

EWF Fixed socket, nut fixing, with tags,

vacuumtight, (back panel mounting) Fixed socket, vacuumtight Straight plug, non-latching, nut fixing FAA

FAB Straight plug, non-latching, riveted fixing Straight plug with cable collet

Straight plug with cable collet PEEK outer shell FFA **FFA** Straight plug with cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief

Straight plug with flats on latch sleeve and cable collet

Straight plug with front sealing ring, cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief

FFF Straight plug, non-latching, with cable collet

FFS Straight plug with cable crimping Straight plug with cable collet

Straight plug for cable crimping with improved screen efficiency

FLR

Elbow plug (90°) with cable collet Elbow plug (90°) with resistor Elbow plug (90°) for cable crimping Elbow plug (90°) for cable crimping with

improved screen efficiency Straight plug, non-latching, for printed cir-

FPL Elbow plug (90°) non-latching for printed circuit

Straight plug with resistor or shorted T-plug with two sockets in line **FRT**

FTA T-plug with two sockets (90°) Elbow plug (90°) with one socket

Straight plug with two parallel sockets HGP Fixed socket, nut fixing, watertight

HGW Fixed socket, nut fixing, with rear sealing ring
Free socket with cable collet

Free socket with cable crimping

PES Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crimping (back panel mounting)

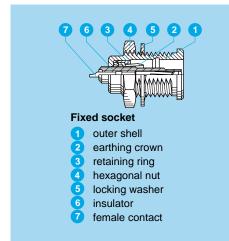
Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable collet PSS Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crim-

pina RAD Fixed coupler, nut fixing

Free coupler

SWH Fixed coupler, nut fixing, vacuumtight

Part Section Showing Internal Components



6 2 5 4 8 Plug with cable clamping

outer shell

latch sleeve

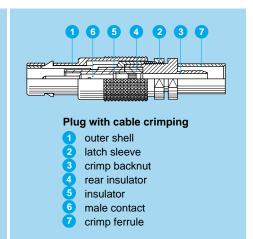
collet nut

earthing sleeve

rear insulator

insulator male contact

collet



Models with collet nut for fitting a strain relief

To order models with a collet nut for fitting a strain relief, add a "Z" in the "variant" position (see page 12) of the part number. Strain reliefs are available in nine colours and several sizes to accomodate different cable outside diameters. They are ordered separately as indicated in the "Accessories" section.

Watertight/Vacuumtight models

The fixed sockets and couplers, models HGP, HGW, EWF, EWV, SWH allow the device on which they are fitted to reach a protection index of IP66 as per IEC 529 (unmated). They are fully compatible with the non watertight models of the same series and are widely used for portable radios, ship installations and in aircraft.

Specially prepared & tested versions of these models are available for vacuumtight applications guaranteeing a leakage level of less than 10° mbar.l.s¹ (as per MIL-STD-1344A standard method 1008). A vacuumtight model is identified by the letter at the end of the part number (certificate on request).

To seal both the watertight and vacuumtight models, LEMO uses an epoxy resin.



Technical Characteristics

Mechanical and climatical

Characteristics	Value	Standard	Method		
Contact retention force	> 18 N	MIL-STD-1344A	2007.1		
Cable pull off force	> 100 N	MIL-STD-1344A	2009.1		
Connector pull off force	> 90 N				
Endurance	> 1000 cycles	MIL-STD-1344A	2016		
Operating temperature 1)	- 55°C + 260°C				

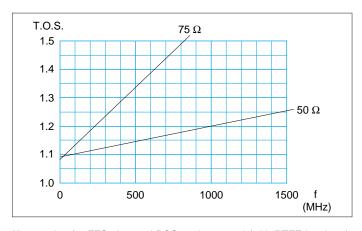
Note: 1) to seal both the watertight and vacuumtight models, LEMO uses and epoxy resin. The operating temperature is limited between -20°C and +80°C.

Electrical

Characteristics		Value	Standard	Method
Impedance		50 Ω		
Operating voltage (50 Hz)		0.7 kV rms	IEC 130-1 1ère ed.	§ 14.5
Test voltage (50 Hz)		2.1 kV rms	MIL-STD-1344A	3001.1
Rated current	Rated current		IEC 512-3	
Contact resistance		< 6 mΩ	MIL-STD-202 F	307
Screen resistance		$<$ 3.5 m Ω	MIL-STD-1344A	3007
Insulating resistance		> 10 ¹² Ω	MIL-STD-1344A	3003.1
VSWR (f. in GHz)	50 Ω	1.09+0.11f	IEC 169-1-1	
VOVER (I. III GHZ)	75 Ω	1.08+0.51f	IEC 169-1-1	

Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

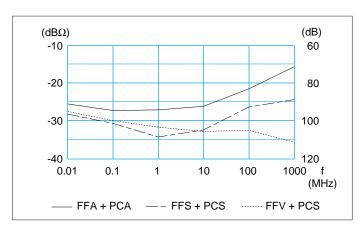
The VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio) is the value representing the power reflected in a connection. In most cases, the working frequency range is where VSWR \leq 1.25



Note: value for FFS plug and PCS socket mated (with PTFE insulator). Impedance measured under 50 Ω with a RG-174 A/U cable or under 75 Ω with a RG-179 B/U cable.

Screening efficiency (EMC properties) in dB (transfer impedance in dBohm)

The screening efficiency is the ratio between the electromagnetic field inside the connector and a power source at the outside of the connector (or vice versa).



Note: measured according to IEC-169-1-3 standard.

Recommended cables

Cable		Standard		0	ther cable	Imp.
group	MIL-C-17	IEC 96-2	CCTU 10-01A	Other cable		$(\dot{\Omega})$
6	RG.58 C/U	50.3.1	KX 15	Belden	8262	50 ± 2 Ω
7	RG.142 B/U					$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
3	RG.174 A/U	50.2.1	KX 3A	Belden	8216	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
3	KG.174 A/O	30.2.1		Lemo	CCH.99.281.505	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
1	RG.178 B/U	50.1.1	KX 21A	Belden	83265	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
2	RG.179 B/U	75.2.1				$75 \pm 3 \Omega$
5	RG.180 B/U					$95 \pm 5 \Omega$
2	RG.187 A/U	75.2.2				$75 \pm 3 \Omega$
4	RG.188 A/U	50.2.3		Belden	83269	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
1	RG.196 A/U	50.1.2				$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
4	RG.316 /U	50.2.2	KX 22A	Belden	83284	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
3				Dätwyler	HF-2114	50 ± 2 Ω
8				Storm	421 099	50 ± 2 Ω
8				H+S	G02232D-60	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$

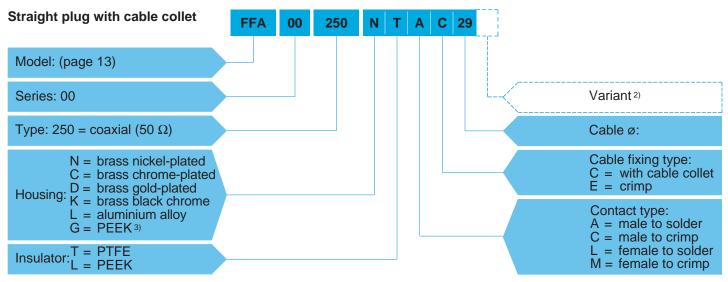
Colour of connectors in anodized aluminium alloy

When ordering a connector with an aluminium alloy, the outer shell colour must be chosen from the table variant listed below and included in the position of the part number.

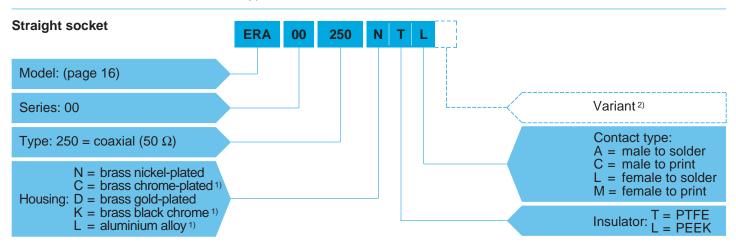
Reference	Colour
А	blue
J	yellow
N	black
R	red
Т	natural
V	green



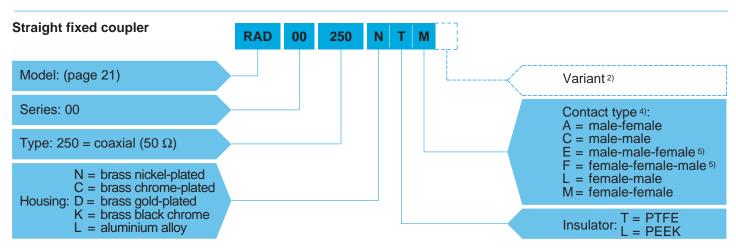
Part Number Example



FFA.00.250.NTAC29 = straight plug with cable collet, series 00, coaxial type (50 Ω), outer shell in nickel-plated brass, PTFE insulator, male solder contact, C type collet of 2.9 mm diameter.



ERA.00.250.NTL = fixed socket, nut fixing, series 00, coaxial type (50 Ω), outer shell in nickel-plated brass, PTFE insulator, female solder contact.



RAD.00.250.NTM = straight fixed coupler, nut fixing, series 00, coaxial type (50 Ω), outer shell in nickel-plated brass, PTFE insulator, female-female contact.

Note: 1) treatment not available for the printed circuit models

2) the "variant" position in the reference is used to specify the anodized colour of the housing in aluminium alloy (page 11) or models with a collet nut for fitting a strain relief "Z". The strain relief can be ordered separately as indicated in the "Accessories" section.

3) available for the FFA model only

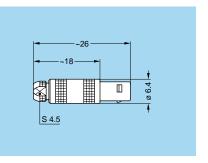
4) concerning the straight fixed couplers with nut fixing RAD and SWH, the first contact type mentioned is always the contact at the flange end. 5) used only for models: FTA, FTL and FTY.





Models



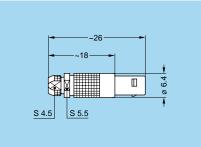


FFA Straight plug with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFA.00.250.NTAC22	1	•
FFA.00.250.NTAC29	2-3-4	•
FFA.00.250.NTAC31	8	•

M1 Cable assembly



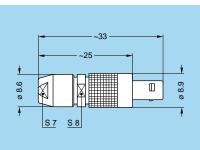


FFC Straight plug with flats on latch sleeve and cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFC.00.250.NTAC22	1	•
FFC.00.250.NTAC27	2-4	•
FFC.00.250.NTAC31	3-8	•

M3 Cable assembly



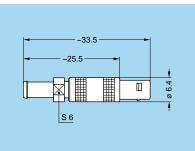


FFY Straight plug with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFY.00.250.NTAC52	6-7	•

M2 Cable assembly





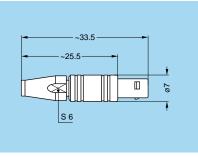
FFA Straight plug with cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFA.00.250.NTAC22Z	1	•
FFA.00.250.NTAC29Z	2-3-4	•
FFA.00.250.NTAC31Z	8	•

Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M1 Cable assembly





FFA Straight plug with cable collet, PEEK outer shell

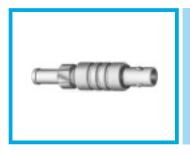
Part number	Cable group	Note
FFA.00.250.GTAC22	1	•
FFA.00.250.GTAC29	2-3-4	•
FFA.00.250.GTAC31	8	•

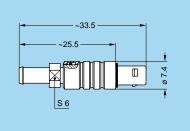
M1 Cable assembly

Available

 \bigcirc On request





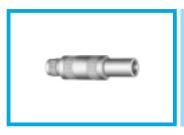


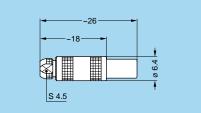
FFE Straight plug with front sealing ring, cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFE.00.250.NTAC22Z	1	0
FFE.00.250.NTAC29Z	2-3-4	0
FFE.00.250.NTAC31Z	8	0

Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M1 Cable assembly





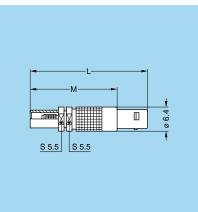
FFF Straight plug, non-latching, with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFF.00.250.NTAC22	1	•
FFF.00.250.NTAC29	2-3-4	•
FFF.00.250.NTAC31	8	•

Cable assembly

M1





FFS Straight plug with cable crimping

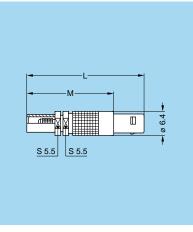
Dort number	Cable	Dim.		Nata
Part number	group	L	М	Note
FFS.00.250.NTCE24	1	31	23	•
FFS.00.250.NTCE30	2	31	23	•
FFS.00.250.NTCE31	3-4	31	23	•
FFS.00.250.NTCE35	8	31	23	0
FFS.00.250.NTCE44	5	31	23	•
FFS.00.250.NTCE52	6	34	26	•
FFS.00.250.NTCE56	7	31	23	0

Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)





FFV Straight plug for cable crimping with improved screen efficiency

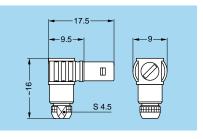
Dark sounds as	Cable	Di	m.	Niete
Part number	group	L	М	Note
FFV.00.250.NTCE24	1	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE30	2	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE31	3-4	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE35	8	31	23	•
FFV.00.250.NTCE44	5	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE52	6	34	26	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE56	7	31	23	•

Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)





FLA Elbow plug (90°) with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
FLA.00.250.NTAC22	1	•
FLA.00.250.NTAC27	2-4	•
FLA.00.250.NTAC31	3-8	•

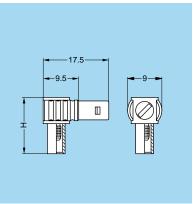
M6 Cable assembly

Available

On request





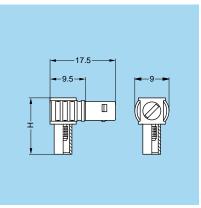


FLS Elbow plug (90°) cable crimping

Part number	Cable group	H (mm)	Note
FLS.00.250.NTAE24	1	15	0
FLS.00.250.NTAE31	3-4	15	•
FLS.00.250.NTAE35	8	15	•
FLS.00.250.NTAE52	6	18	•
FLS.00.250.NTAE56	7	15	0

M7 Cable assembly

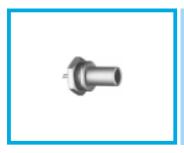


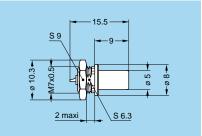


FLV Elbow plug (90°) cable crimping with improved screen efficiency

Part number	Cable group	H (mm)	Note
FLV.00.250.NTAE24	1	15	0
FLV.00.250.NTAE30	2	15	0
FLV.00.250.NTAE31	3-4	15	0
FLV.00.250.NTAE35	8	15	•
FLV.00.250.NTAE52	6	18	0
FLV.00.250.NTAE56	7	15	•

M7 Cable assembly

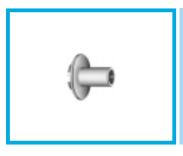


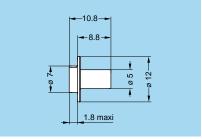


FAA Straight plug, non-latching, nut fixing

Part number	Weight (g) Note	
FAA.00.250.NTA	2.5	•

P5 Panel cut-out

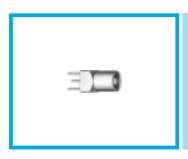


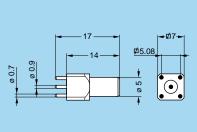


FAB Straight plug, non-latching, riveted fixing

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FAB.00.250.NTA	2.5	0

P1 Panel cut-out





FPA Straight plug, non-latching, for printed circuit

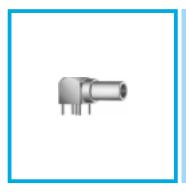
Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FPA.00.250.NTD	2.5	•

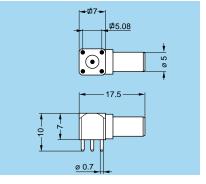
P11 PCB drilling pattern

Available

On request





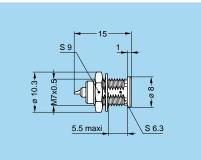


FPL Elbow plug (90°), non-latching for printed circuit

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FPL.00.250.NTD	2.5	•

P10 PCB drilling pattern



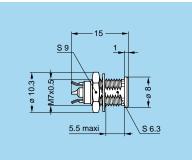


ERA Fixed socket, nut fixing

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ERA.00.250.NTL	2.8	•

P5 Panel cut-out



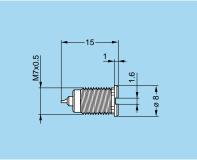


ERN Fixed socket, nut fixing, with earthing tags

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ERN.00.250.NTL	2.8	•

P5 Panel cut-out



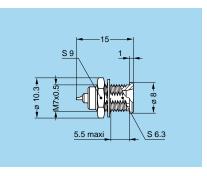


ERC Fixed socket, nut fixing, with slots in flange

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ERC.00.250.NTL	2.2	•

P3 Panel cut-out





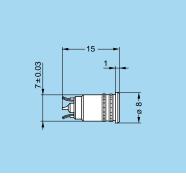
ERE Fixed socket, nut fixing, with conical lead-in

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ERE.00.250.NTL	2.8	•

P5 Panel cut-out



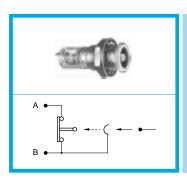


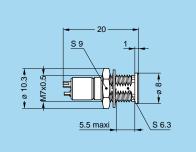


ERT Straight socket without thread, force or adhesive fit

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ERT.00.250.NTL	2.2	•

P4 Panel cut-out



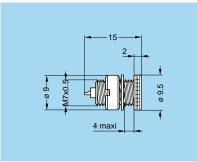


ERM Fixed socket, nut fixing, with microswitch

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ERM.00.250.NTL	3.0	•

P5 Panel cut-out



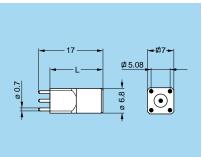


ECP Fixed socket with two nuts

Part number	Weight (g)	Note	
ECP.00.250.NTL	3.3	•	

P1 Panel cut-out



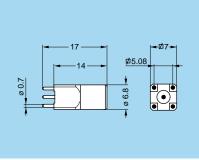


EPA-EPB Straight socket for printed circuit

Part number	L (mm)	Weight (g)	Note
EPA.00.250.NTN	14	3.4	•
EPB 00 250 NTN	12	3.3	

P10 PCB drilling pattern





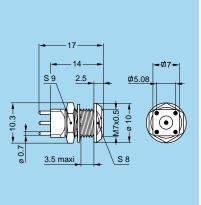
EPC Straight socket for printed circuit with clearance under the body

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EPC.00.250.NTN	3.3	•

P10 PCB drilling pattern







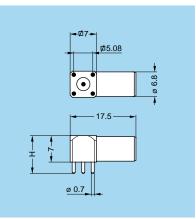
EPE Fixed socket with two nuts, for printed circuit

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EPE.00.250.NTN	4.2	•

P1 Panel cut-out

P12 PCB drilling pattern

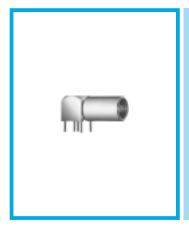


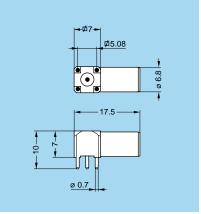


EPL-EPM Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit

Part number	H (mm)	Weight (g)	Note
EPL.00.250.NTN	10	4.3	•
EPM.00.250.NTN	13	4.5	•

P10 PCB drilling pattern



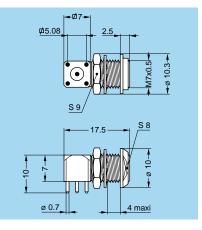


EPK Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit with clearance under the body

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EPK.00.250.NTN	4.2	•

P10 PCB drilling pattern





EPS Elbow socket (90°) with two nuts, for printed circuit

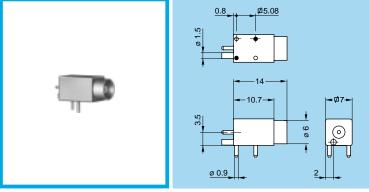
Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EPS.00.250.NTN	5.3	•

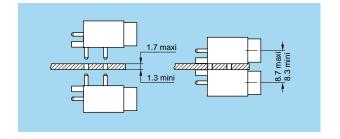
P1 Panel cut-out

P12 PCB drilling pattern









EPN Straight socket for press mounting in pair on printed circuit

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EPN.00.250.NTN	3.6	•

P9 PCB drilling pattern

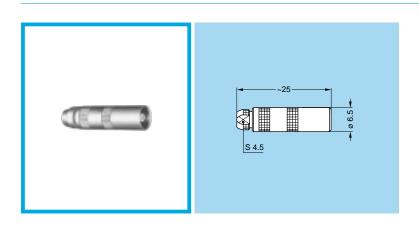


2.42 2.42 2.1.5 2.1.5 2.1.5 2.1.5 2.1.5

EPY Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit, with two vertical sockets

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EPY.00.250.NTN	12.8	•

P13 PCB drilling pattern

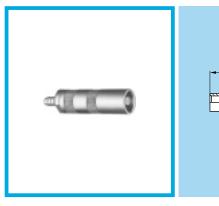


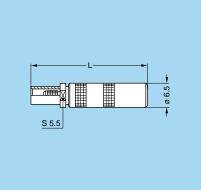
PCA Free socket with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
PCA.00.250.NTLC22	1	•
PCA.00.250.NTLC29	2-3-4	•
PCA.00.250.NTLC31	8	•

M1 Cable assembly







PCS Free socket with cable crimping

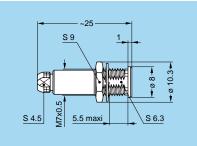
Part number	Cable	Dim.	Note
T dit Hambol	group	L	11010
PCS.00.250.NTME24	1	30	•
PCS.00.250.NTME30	2	30	•
PCS.00.250.NTME31	3-4	30	•
PCS.00.250.NTME35	8	30	0
PCS.00.250.NTME44	5	30	•
PCS.00.250.NTME52	6	33	•

Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)





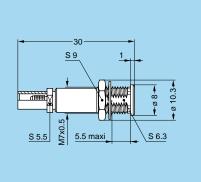
PSA Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
PSA.00.250.NTLC22	1	•
PSA.00.250.NTLC29	2-3-4	•
PSA.00.250.NTLC31	8	•

M1 Cable assembly

P5 Panel cut-out





PSS Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crimping

Part number	Cable group	Note
PSS.00.250.NTME24	1	•
PSS.00.250.NTME30	2	•
PSS.00.250.NTME31	3-4	•
PSS.00.250.NTME35	8	0

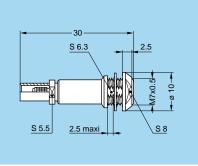
Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)

P5 Panel cut-out





PES Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crimping (back panel mounting)

Part number	Cable group	Note
PES.00.250.NTME31	3-4	•
PES.00.250.NTME35	8	•

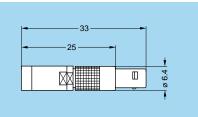
Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)

P5 Panel cut-out



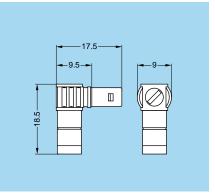


FRT Straight plug with resistor or shorted

Part number	Resistor	Weight (g)	Note
FRT.00.250.NTA00	shorted	4.4	0
FRT.00.250.NTA50	50 Ω 1/8W	4.4	•



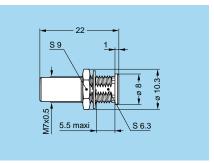




FLR Elbow plug (90°) with resistor

Part number	Resistor	Weight (g)	Note
FLR.00.250.NTA50	50 Ω 1/8W	5.6	•



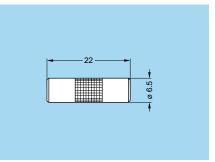


RAD Fixed coupler, nut fixing

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
RAD.00.250.NTM	3.8	•

P5 Panel cut-out

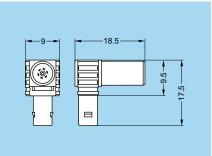




RMA Free coupler

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
RMA.00.250.NTM	2.7	•

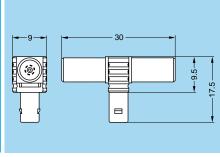




FTR Elbow plug (90°) with socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FTR.00.250.NTA	5.4	•



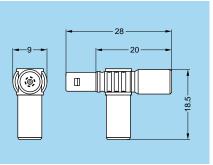


FTA T-plug with two sockets in line

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FTA.00.250.NTF	7.8	•



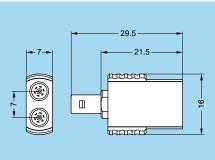




FTL T-plug with two sockets (90°)

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FTL.00.250.NTF	7.1	•

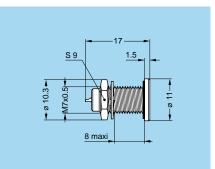




FTY Straight plug with two parallel sockets

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FTY.00.250.NTF	12.5	•



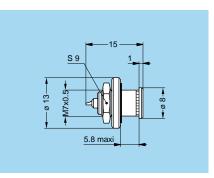


HGP Fixed socket, nut fixing, watertight

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
HGP.00.250.NTLP	4.2	•

P1 Panel cut-out



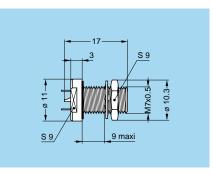


HGW Fixed socket, nut fixing, with rear sealing ring

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
HGW.00.250.NTLP	4.2	•

P1 Panel cut-out



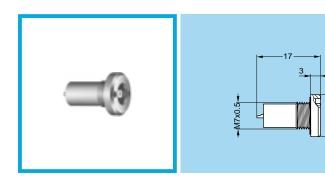


EWF Fixed socket, nut fixing, vacuumtight (back panel mounting)

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EWF.00.250.NTLPV	4.2	•

P1 Panel cut-out



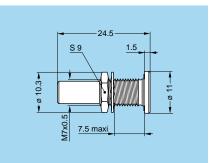


EWV Fixed socket, vacuumtight

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EWV.00.250.NTLPV	3.7	•

P2 Panel cut-out



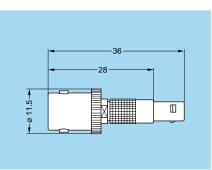


SWH Fixed coupler, nut fixing, vacuumtight

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
SWH.00.250.NTMV	5.2	•

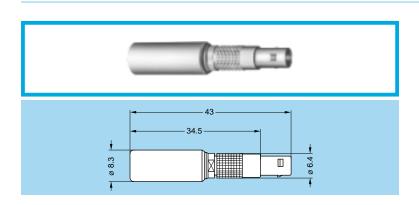
P1 Panel cut-out





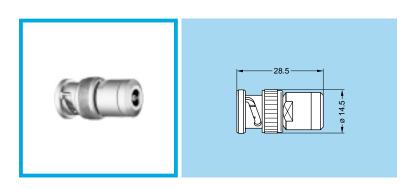
ABF Adaptor from LEMO plug to BNC socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ABF.00.250.NTA	8.3	•



APF Adaptor from LEMO plug to CINCH socket

Part number	Colour of the ring	Weight (g)	Note
APF.00.250.DTAB	white	7	•
APF.00.250.DTAR	red	7	•

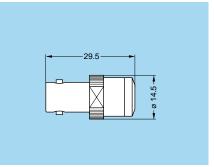


ABA Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC plug

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ABA.00.250.NTL	18.7	•



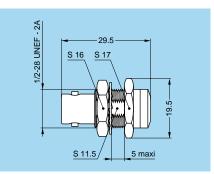




ABC Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ABC.00.250.NTM	17	•





ABD Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC fixed socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ABD.00.250.NTM	21.4	•

P7 Panel cut-out



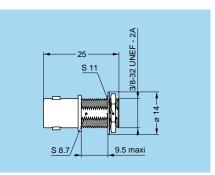
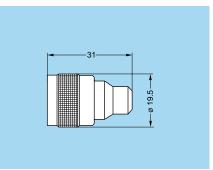


ABB Adaptor from LEMO fixed socket to BNC socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ABB.00.250.NTM	9.4	•

P6 Panel cut-out

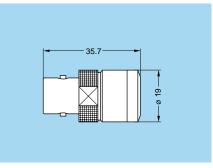




ACA Adaptor from LEMO socket to C plug

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ACA.00.250.NTL	32	•



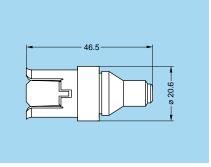


ACB Adaptor from LEMO socket to C socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ACB.00.250.NTM	50.3	•



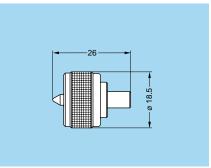




AGG Adaptor from LEMO socket to General-Radio socket type 874

	Part number	Weight (g)	Note
AGG	6.00.250.NTM	20	•

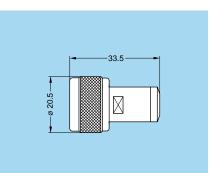




AGH Adaptor from LEMO socket to UHF plug

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
AGH.00.250.NTL	13.8	•

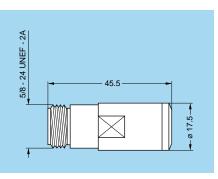




ANA Adaptor from LEMO socket to N plug

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ANA.00.250.NTL	38	•

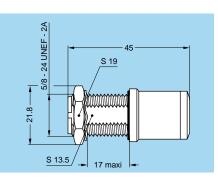




ANB Adaptor from LEMO socket to N socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ANB.00.250.NTM	.00.250.NTM 61.7	





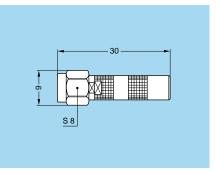
ANC Adaptor from LEMO socket to N fixed socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ANC.00.250.NTM	63.5	•

P8 Panel cut-out



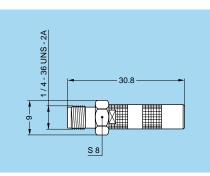




ASA Adaptor from LEMO socket to SMA plug

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ASA.00.250.NTL	4.9	•

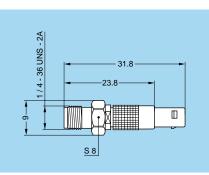




ASB Adaptor from LEMO socket to SMA socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ASB.00.250.NTM	4.6	•

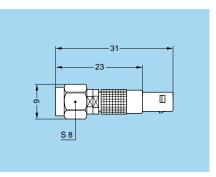




ASF Adaptor from LEMO plug to SMA socket

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ASF.00.250.NTA	4.6	•





ASG Adaptor from LEMO plug to SMA plug

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
ASG.00.250.NTC	4.9	•





Delay lines

MSB models

Part number	Delay (ns)	Part number
MFB.00.250.RTE005	0.5	MSB.00.250.RTE005
MFB.00.250.RTE010	1.0	MSB.00.250.RTE010
MFB.00.250.RTE020	2.0	MSB.00.250.RTE020
MFB.00.250.RTE030	3.0	MSB.00.250.RTE030
MFB.00.250.RTE040	4.0	MSB.00.250.RTE040
MFB.00.250.RTE050	5.0	MSB.00.250.RTE050
MFB.00.250.RTE060	6.0	MSB.00.250.RTE060
MFB.00.250.RTE080	8.0	MSB.00.250.RTE080
MFB.00.250.RTE100	10.0	MSB.00.250.RTE100
MFB.00.250.RTE160	16.0	MSB.00.250.RTE160
MFB.00.250.RTE200	20.0	MSB.00.250.RTE200
MFB.00.250.RTE320	32.0	MSB.00.250.RTE320
MFB.00.250.RTE640	64.0	MSB.00.250.RTE640

Assembled Cables

Part number	Length (cm)	Part number
MFB.00.250.LTE010	10	MSB.00.250.LTE010
MFB.00.250.LTE020	20	MSB.00.250.LTE020
MFB.00.250.LTE030	30	MSB.00.250.LTE030
MFB.00.250.LTE040	40	MSB.00.250.LTE040
MFB.00.250.LTE050	50	MSB.00.250.LTE050
MFB.00.250.LTE060	60	MSB.00.250.LTE060
MFB.00.250.LTE080	80	MSB.00.250.LTE080
MFB.00.250.LTE100	100	MSB.00.250.LTE100
MFB.00.250.LTE150	150	MSB.00.250.LTE150
MFB.00.250.LTE200	200	MSB.00.250.LTE200
MFB.00.250.LTE300	300	MSB.00.250.LTE300
MFB.00.250.LTE400	400	MSB.00.250.LTE400
MFB.00.250.LTE500	500	MSB.00.250.LTE500

Note: the standard cable used to manufacture these cable assemblies is CCH.99.281.505 (LEMO) as per IEC.50.2.1 standard. On request this type of cable can be replaced by other coaxial cables. Other cable lengths are available on request.



Accessories





Fitting of the cord

Slide the plug into the loop of the cord. Place the loop into the groove in front of the collet nut and tighten the loop.

BFA Plug Caps

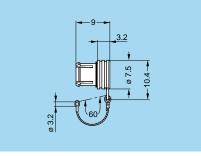
Part number	Weight (g)
BFA.00.100.PCSG	0.7

Note: upon request this cap can be supplied in black and the last letter "G" of the part number should be replaced with "N".

- Body material: Polyoxymethylen (POM) grey Cord material: Polyamid 6, white O-ring material: Silicone rubber Maximum operating temperature: 100°C Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529







Body material: Polyoxymethylen (POM) grey Cord material: Polyamid 6, white

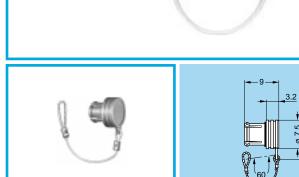
BRA Blanking cap for fixed socket and free straight socket

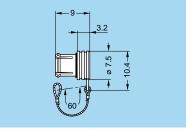
Part number	Weight (g)
BRA.00.200.PCSG	0.6

Note: upon request this cap can be supplied in black and the last letter "G" of the part number should be replaced with "N".

- O-ring material: Silicone rubber
- Maximum operating temperature: 100°C Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529







Fitting of the cord

Slide the socket into the loop of the cord. Place the loop into the groove in front of the collet nut and tighten the loop.

BRD Blanking cap for free socket

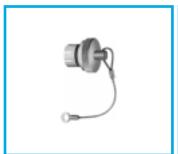
Part number	Weight (g)
BRD.00.200.PCSG	0.5

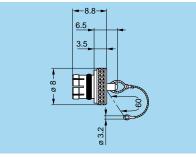
Note: upon request this cap can be supplied in black and the last letter "G" of the part number should be replaced with "N".

- Body material: Polyoxymethylen (POM) grey

- Cord material: Polyamid 6, white
 O-ring material: Silicone rubber
 Maximum operating temperature: 100°C
 Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529



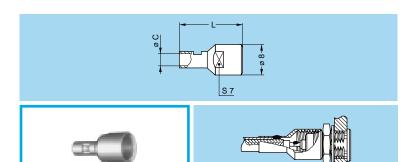




BRE Blanking cap for fixed socket, free socket and coupler

Part number	Weight (g)
BRE.00.200.NAS	6.5

- Body material: Brass (UNS C 38500), nickel-plated (3 µm)
- Cable material: Stainless steel
- O-ring material: Silicone rubber or FPM
- Maximum operating temperature: 250°C Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529



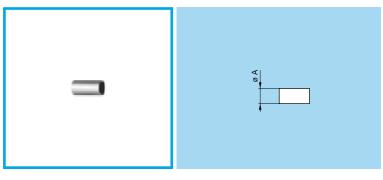
GCD Earthing cap

Part number	Cable	Dim.	
i art number	group	L	С
GCD.00.020.LA	1	12	2.0
GCD.00.032.LA	2-3-4	16	3.2
GCD.00.050.LA	6	19	5.0

Note: the shield braid of the cable should be soldered onto the back of the cap screwed on the socket outer shell.

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) gold-plated (0.5 μm)



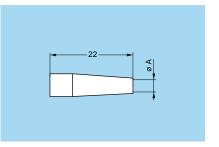


Material: Copper (UNS C 18700) nickel-plated (3μm)

FFS Crimp ferrule

Part number	Cable	Dim.
Fait Humber	group	øΑ
FFS.00.160.DN	1	3.1
FFS.00.161.MN	2-3-4	3.8
FFS.00.162.DN	8	4.4
FFS.00.163.DN	5	5.3
FFS.00.164.DN	6	6.2
FFV.00.160.DN	7	6.3

Note: sockets and plugs to be crimped are always supplied with a crimp ferrule. To order this accessory separately, use the above part numbers.



Ref.	Colour
Α	blue
В	white
G	grey

Ref.	Colour
J	yellow
М	brown
N	black

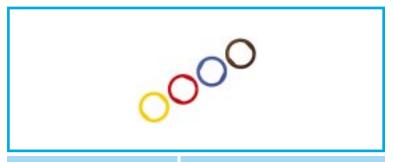
Ref.	Colour
R	red
S	orange
V	green

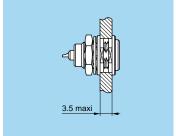
GMB Strain relief

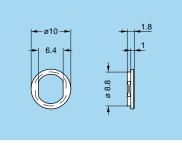
Part number	ø C	able	Dim.	Nut for fitting the	
i ait number	max	min	Α	strain relief part n	
GMB.00.025.DG	2.8	2.5	2.5	FFM.00.130.LN	
GMB.00.028.DG	3.1	2.8	2.8	FFM.00.130.LN	
GMB.00.032.DG	3.5	3.2	3.2	FFM.00.130.LN	

Note:

- a) for use with all crimp models and nut for fitting a strain relief
 b) the last letter of the part number "G" specifies the colour
 grey. Refer to the table to the left to define another colour
 and replace the letter "G" by the one corresponding to the colour required.
- Material: Polyurethan (Desmopan 786)
- Operating temperature: -40°C'+ 80°C







GRA Insulating washers

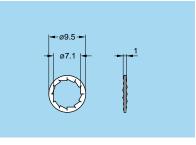
Part number	Weight (g)
GRA.00.269.GG	0.1

Note:

- Note:
 a) sockets and plugs mounted on panels can be fitted with insulating washers. The nine colours available combined with those for the strain reliefs makes colour coding possible.
 b) the last letter of the part number "G" specifies the colour grey. Refer to the table below to define another colour and replace the letter "G" by the one corresponding to the colour required. required.
- Material: Polyamid (PA.6) Operating temperature: -40°C + 80°C

Ref.	Colour	Ref.	Colour	Ref.	Colour
Α	blue	J	yellow	R	red
В	white	M	brown	S	orange
G	grey	N	black	V	green





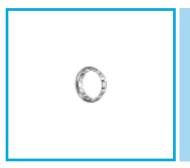
GBA Locking washer

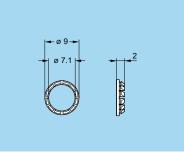
Part number	Weight (g)
GBA.00.250.FN	0.2

Note: sockets and plugs are always supplied with a locking washer. To order this accessory separately, use the above part

Material: Brass (UNS C 52100) nickel-plated (3 μm)





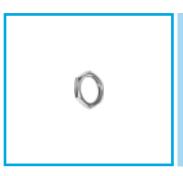


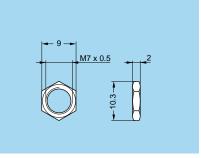
GBB Tapered washer

Part number	Weight (g)
GBB.00.250.LN	0.2

Note: to order this accessory separately, use the above part number.

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 μm)





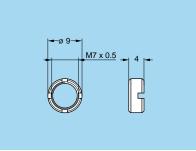
- - Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 μm) Aluminium alloy (AA 6012) natural anodized

GEA Hexagonal nut

Part number	Weight (g)
GEA.00.240.LN	0.6

Note: sockets and plugs are supplied with a hexagonal nut as standard. To order this accessory separately, use the above part number. The last letters "LN" of the part number refer to the nut material and treatment. If a nut in aluminium alloy is desired, replace the last letters of the part number by "PT".





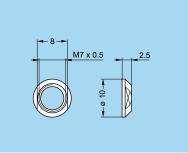
GEB Round nut

Part number	Weight (g)
GEB.00.240.LN	0.8

Note: to order this accessory separately, use the above part number.

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 μm)





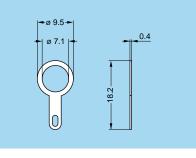
GEC Conical nut

Part number	Weight (g)	
GEC.00.240.LN	0.6	

Note: to order this accessory separately, use the above part

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 μm)





GCA Earthing Washer

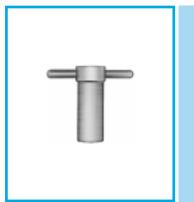
Part number	Weight (g)
GCA.00.255.LT	0.2

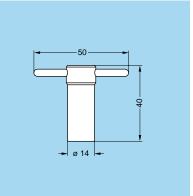
Material: Brass (UNS C 27400) treated CuSnZn (2 μm)





Tooling



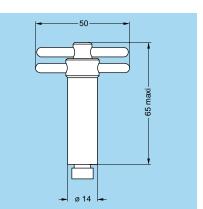


DCG Spanner for hexagonal nut

Part number	Part number of the nut
DCG.91.149.0TN	GEA.00.240.LN

Material: Blackened steel



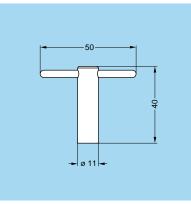


DCA Spanner for hexagonal nut with locator for flats on socket thread

Part number	Part number of the nut
DCA.91.149.0TN	GEA.00.240.LN

Material: Blackened steel



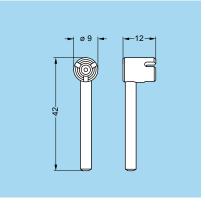


DCB Spanner for round nut

Part number	Part number of the nut
DCB.91.119.0TN	GEB.00.240.LN

Material: Blackened steel



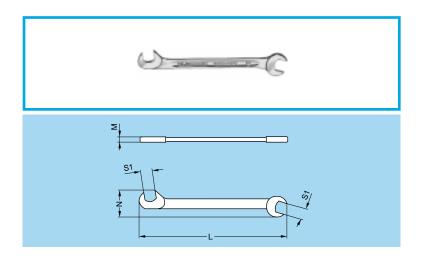


DCN Spanner for assembling plug with 3 latches

Part number
DCN.91.905.0TK

Material: Blackened steel

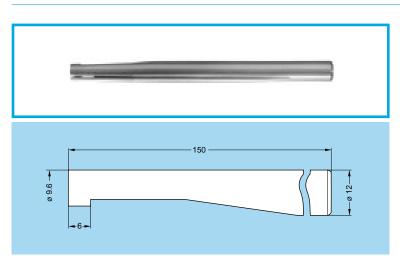




DCP Flat spanner for collet nut

Part number	Dimensions				
Fait Hullibei	L	М	N	S1	
DCP.99.045.TC	70	2	10.5	4.5	
DCP.99.050.TC	78	2	12.6	5.0	
DCP.99.055.TC	78	2	12.6	5.5	
DCP.99.060.TC	78	2	12.6	6.0	

Material: Chrome-plated steel



DCR Extraction tool for plugs



Material: Aluminium alloy

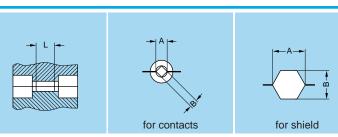
Note: this type of tool has been produced in order to facilitate the mating and unmating of plugs and is particularly useful in high density applications.



DPE Crimping tool with die

Part number	Cable group
DPE.99.123.1K	1
DPE.99.123.8K	2-3-4
DPE.99.124.3K	8
DPE.99.125.2K	5
DPE.99.176.2K	6-7





DPN Dies

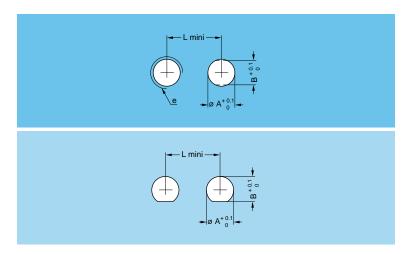
		Die dimension						
Part number	Cable group	For	For contacts			For shield		
	group	Α	В	L	Α	В		
DPN.99.123.1K	1	1.29	0.91	2.0	3.10	2.70		
DPN.99.123.8K	2-3-4	1.29	0.91	2.0	3.80	3.30		
DPN.99.124.3K	8	1.29	0.91	2.0	4.36	3.78		
DPN.99.125.2K	5	1.29	0.91	2.0	5.20	4.50		
DPN.99.176.2K	6-7	1.71	1.21	2.5	6.20	5.37		

Dies material: Blackened steel



Cut-Out

Panel cut-out

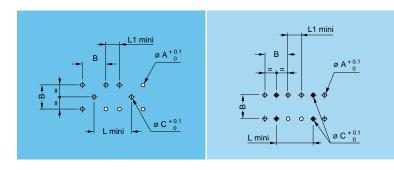


Cut-out	Model		Dime	ension	S
Cut-out	iviodei	Α	В	L	е
P1	HGP-HGW-SWH-ECP EPE-EPS-FAB-EWF	7.1	-	14.5	_
P2	EWV	_	_	12.0	M7x0.5
P3	ERC	_	_	9.0	M7x0.5
P4	ERT	7.0.02	_	_	_
P5	Other models 1)	7.1	6.5	14.5	_
P6	ABB	9.7	9.0	15.0	_
P7	ABD	12.9	11.7	20.5	-
P8	ANC	16.1	13.7	24.0	_
го	ANC	10.1	13.7	24.0	_

Note: 1) If these models are used with a tapered washer GBB, the panel cut-out must be according P1.

Recommended mounting nut torque: 2.5 Nm.

PCB drilling pattern

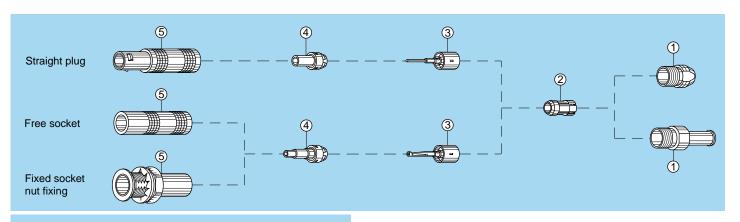


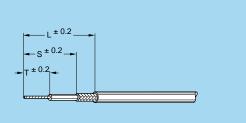
Cut-out Model	Dimensions						
Cut-out	Iviouei	Α	В	L	L1	С	
P9	EPN	0.9	5.08	_	2.0	_	
P10	Other models	0.8	5.08	8.0	2.9	0.8	
P11	FPA	0.8	5.08	8.0	2.9	1.0	
P12	EPE-EPS	0.8	5.08	14.5	9.4	0.8	
P13	EPY	0.8	5.08	9.0	3.9	0.8	



Terminated Instructions

Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable collet M1 M2 M3

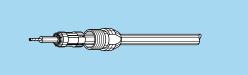




Cable preparation

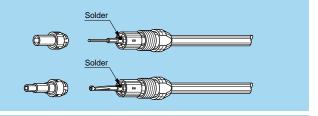
First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M1			M2				МЗ	
group	Т	S	L	Т	S	L	Т	S	L
1-2-3-4-8	4	4.5	8	_	_	_	5	5	8
6-7	_	_	_	7.5	8.5	13	_	_	_

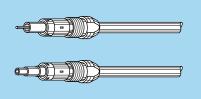


2. Cable termination

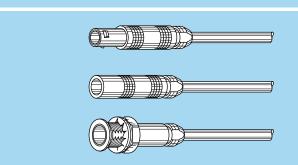
2.1 Place the collet nut ① and the collet ② on the cable. Fold back the shield braid onto the conical part of the collet, and trim to the outer edge of the collet



2.2 Slide the subassembly ® to trap the shield braiding and solder the central conductor into the contact.



2.3 Slide the insulator ${\bf @}$ onto the subassembly ${\bf @}$ until it rests against the earthing sleeve of the subassembly ${\bf @}.$



2.4 Slide the assembly into the connector outer shell ⑤. Screw the collet nut ① into the connector outer shell ⑤ using the appropriate tool and tighten to a torque of 0.25 Nm (see "Tooling" on page 31 and 32). Push the strain relief (if used) onto the collet nut.

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models:

M1 = FFA, FFE, FFF, PCA, PSA

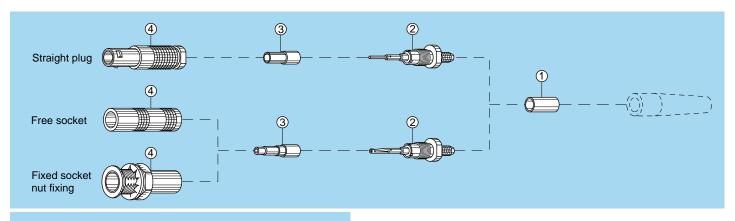
M2 = FFY

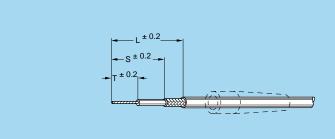
M3 = FFC

M3 = FFC



Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable crimping (crimp contact) M4

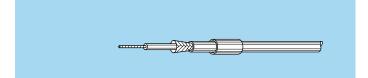




1. Cable preparation

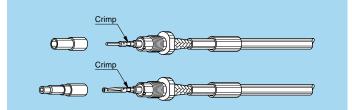
First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M4				
group	Т	S	L		
1-2-3-4-5-8	7	15	19.5		
6-7	7	15	21.5		

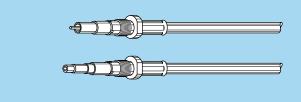


2. Cable termination

2.1 Place crimp ferrule ① on the cable. Widen the shield braid. Slide the subassembly ② into the cable until the insulator rests against the dielectric and the cable conductor is visible through the contact inspection hole.

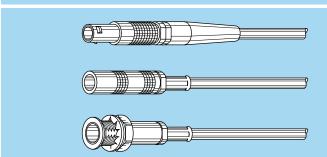


2.2 Crimp the contact with the LEMO crimping tool using the square hole (see "Tooling" on page 32). Gently pull the cable in order to check the crimping.



2.3 Slide the crimp ferrule ① onto the shield until it rests against the crimp backnut of the subassembly ②. Crimp with the same LEMO crimping tool using the hexagonal opening.

Slide the insulator ③ onto the subassembly ②.

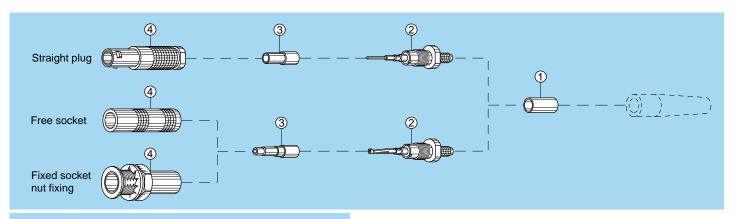


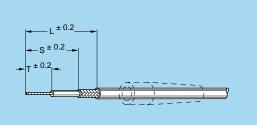
2.4 Slide the assembly into the connector shell [®] and screw it onto the subassembly [®]. Tighten using the appropriate tool to a torque of 0.25 Nm (see "Tooling" on page 31 and 32). Push the strain relief (if used) onto the crimp ferrule [®].

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models: M4 = FFS, FFV, PCS, PSS, PES



Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable crimping (solder contact) M5

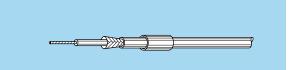




1. Cable preparation

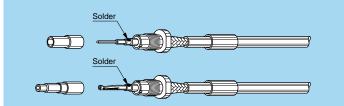
First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M5					
group	Т	S	L			
1-2-3-4-5-8	5	12	17			
6-7	5	12	19			

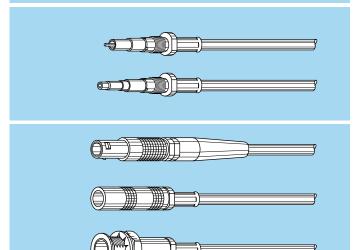


2. Cable terminating

2.1 Place the crimp ferrule ① on the cable. Widen the shield braid. Slide the subassembly ② over the cable until the insulator rests against the dielectric and the cable conductor is visible through the contact solder hole.



2.2 Solder the conductor through the hole.

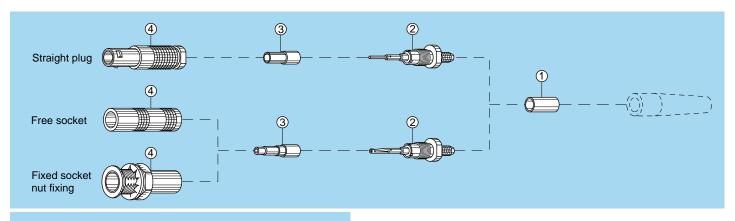


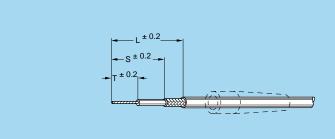
- 2.3 Slide the crimp ferrule ① onto the shield until it rests against the crimp backnut of the subassembly ②. Crimp with the LEMO crimping tool using the hexagonal opening (see "Tooling" on page 32). Slide the insulator ③ onto the subassembly ②.
- 2.4 Slide the assembly into the connector shell [®] and screw it onto the subassembly [®]. Tighten using the appropriate tool to a torque of 0.25 Nm (see tooling on pages 31 and 32). Push the strain relief (if used) onto the crimp ferrule.

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models: M5 = FFS, FFV, PCS, PSS, PES



Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable crimping (crimp contact) M4

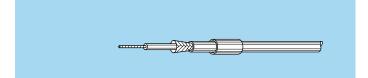




1. Cable preparation

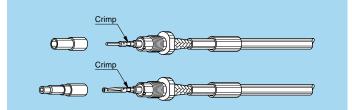
First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M4					
group	Т	S	L			
1-2-3-4-5-8	7	15	19.5			
6-7	7	15	21.5			

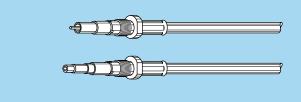


2. Cable termination

2.1 Place crimp ferrule ① on the cable. Widen the shield braid. Slide the subassembly ② into the cable until the insulator rests against the dielectric and the cable conductor is visible through the contact inspection hole.

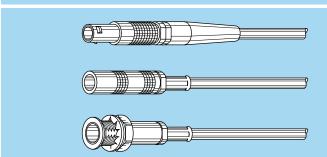


2.2 Crimp the contact with the LEMO crimping tool using the square hole (see "Tooling" on page 32). Gently pull the cable in order to check the crimping.



2.3 Slide the crimp ferrule ① onto the shield until it rests against the crimp backnut of the subassembly ②. Crimp with the same LEMO crimping tool using the hexagonal opening.

Slide the insulator ③ onto the subassembly ②.

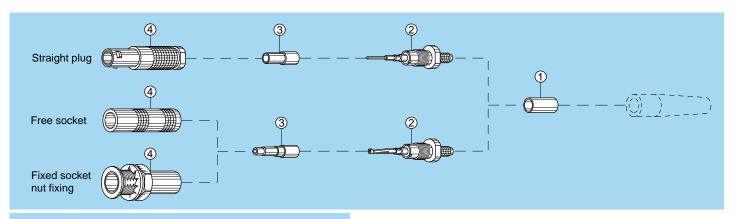


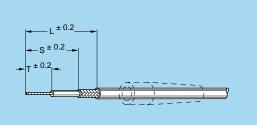
2.4 Slide the assembly into the connector shell [®] and screw it onto the subassembly [®]. Tighten using the appropriate tool to a torque of 0.25 Nm (see "Tooling" on page 31 and 32). Push the strain relief (if used) onto the crimp ferrule [®].

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models: M4 = FFS, FFV, PCS, PSS, PES



Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable crimping (solder contact) M5

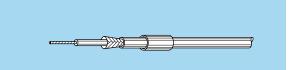




1. Cable preparation

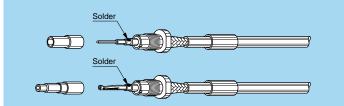
First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M5					
group	Т	S	L			
1-2-3-4-5-8	5	12	17			
6-7	5	12	19			

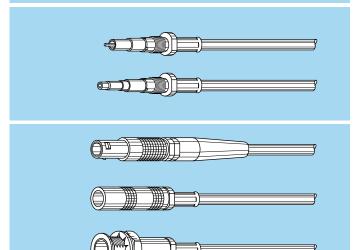


2. Cable terminating

2.1 Place the crimp ferrule ① on the cable. Widen the shield braid. Slide the subassembly ② over the cable until the insulator rests against the dielectric and the cable conductor is visible through the contact solder hole.



2.2 Solder the conductor through the hole.

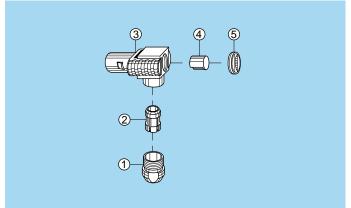


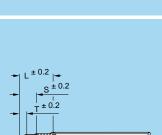
- 2.3 Slide the crimp ferrule ① onto the shield until it rests against the crimp backnut of the subassembly ②. Crimp with the LEMO crimping tool using the hexagonal opening (see "Tooling" on page 32). Slide the insulator ③ onto the subassembly ②.
- 2.4 Slide the assembly into the connector shell [®] and screw it onto the subassembly [®]. Tighten using the appropriate tool to a torque of 0.25 Nm (see tooling on pages 31 and 32). Push the strain relief (if used) onto the crimp ferrule.

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models: M5 = FFS, FFV, PCS, PSS, PES



Terminating of elbow plugs (90°) with cable collet M6 and cable crimp M7





1. Cable preparation

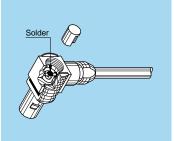
First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M6				
group	Т	S	L		
1-2-3-4-8	1	3.5	6.5		

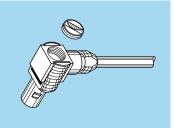


2. Cable terminating

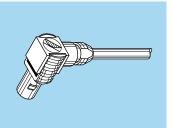
2.1 Place the crimp ferrule ① and collet ② on the cable. Fold back the shield braid onto the conical part of the collet, and trim to outer edge of the collet.



2.2 Slide the assembly into the connector shell ③ and tighten the collet nut ① using the appropriate tool to a torque of 0.25 Nm (see "Tooling" on page 31 and 32). Check that the cable conductor rests in the contact slot, solder the conductor through the hole.



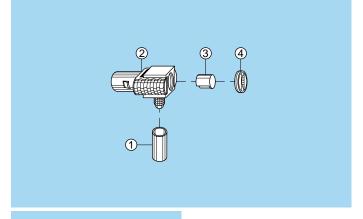
2.3 Place the insulating sleeve @ over the soldered contact.

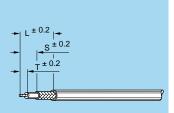


2.4 Close the access hole with the flat screw ⑤.
Push the strain relief (if used) onto the collet nut ①.

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models:

M6 = FLA

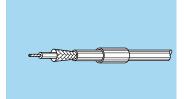




1. Cable preparation

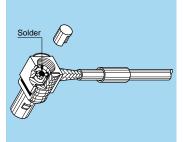
First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M7					
group	Т	S	L			
1-2-3-4-8	1	4.5	9			
6-7	3	4.5	11			

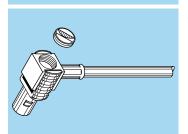


2. Cable terminating

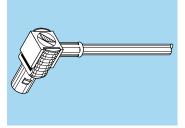
2.1 Place the cable crimp ferrule ① on the cable and widen the braiding.



2.2 Slide the cable into the connector shell ②. Check that cable conductor rests in the contact slot, tin solder the conductor through the hole. Slide the crimp ferrule ① over the braiding until it reaches the connector shell ②. Crimp with the LEMO crimp tool using the hexagonal opening (see "Tooling" on page 32).



2.3 Place the insulating sleeve ③ over the soldered contact.



2.4 Close the connector hole with the flat screw ④.
Push the strain relief (if used) onto the crimping tube ①.

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models:

M7 = FLS, FLV





Dimensions and characteristics

Standard / Part number (supplier)			Construction and dimensions							Weight			
Standard / Part Humber (Supplier)		lmp. (Ω)	Conductor		Dielectric		Shield		Sheath		kg/100		
MIL-C-17	CCTU 10-01A	CEI 96-2	(32)	Construction	Mat.	Ø	Mat.	Ø	Mat.	Ø	Mat.	Ø	m
RG.58C/U	KX 15	50-3-1	50 ± 2 Ω	19x0.18	CuSn	0.90	PE	2.95	CuSn	3.60	PVC*	4.95	3.80
RG.142B/U		-	50 ± 2 Ω	solid	CuStAg	0.95	PTFE	2.95	CuAg CuAg	2 nd : 4.20	FEP	4.95	6.60
RG.174A/U	KX 3A	50-2-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	CuSt	0.48	PE	1.50	CuSn	2.00	PVC*	2.60	1.10
RG.178B/U	KX 21A	50-1-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	0.87	CuAg	1.40	FEP	1.80	0.85
RG.179B/U		75-2-1	75 ± 3 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.00	FEP	2.50	1.50
RG.180B/U		-	95 ± 5 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	2.60	CuAg	3.10	FEP	3.60	3.20
RG.187A/U		75-2-2	75 ± 3 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.00	PTFE	2.60	1.60
RG.188A/U		50-2-3	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.18	CuStAg	0.54	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.00	PTFE	2.60	1.60
RG.196A/U		50-1-2	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	0.87	CuAg	1.37	PTFE	2.10	1.10
RG.316/U	KX 22A	50-2-2	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	7x0.18	CuStAg	0.54	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.10	FEP	2.50	1.60
8216	(Belden)	50-2-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	CuSt	0.48	PE	1.52	CuSn	-	PVC	2.55	-
8262	(Belden)	50-3-1	50 ± 2 Ω	19x0.18	CuSn	0.90	PE	2.95	CuSn	-	PVC	4.95	-
83265	(Belden)	50-1-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	0.86	CuAg	-	FEP	1.85	-
83269	(Belden)	-	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	7x0.17	CuStAg	0.51	PTFE	1.52	CuAg	-	PTFE	2.60	-
83284	(Belden)	50-2-2	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	7x0.17	CuStAg	0.51	PTFE	1.52	CuAg	-	FEP	2.50	-
HF-2114	(Dätwyler)	-	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	Cu	0.48	PE	1.32	Cu	1.9	PVC	2.70	1.15
CCH.99.281	1.505 (Lemo) ¹⁾	50-2-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.18	Cu	0.54	PE	1.50	Cu	2.2	PoF	2.80	1.30
421.099	(Storm)	-	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	CuStAg	0.50	PTFE	1.52	CuAg CuAg	1 st : 2.00 2 nd : 2.50	FEP	3.05	1.95
G02232D-6	0 (H+S)	-	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	Cu	0.50	PE	1.50	CuAg CuSn	1 st : 1.95 2 nd : 2.50	PVC	3.10	2.10

Notes: all dimensions are in millimeters.

1) Fire resistant according IEC 332-1.

Cu CuAg CuSn CuSt CuStAg Bare copper Silver-plated copper Tinned copper Copper-plated steel Silvered copper plated steel

FEP PE PoF PTFE

Extruded Fluorethylenpropylen Polyethylen Polyolefin Wrapped or extruded Polytetrafluorethylen

PVC PVC*

Polyvinylchlorid Polyvinylchlorid (Qual.lla MIL-C-17)

Technical tables

VSWR effect on transmitted power

VSWR	VSWR (dB)	Return loss (dB)	Transmiss. loss (dB)	Reflected voltage coefficient	Transmit. power (%)	Reflected power (%)
1.00	0		0.000	0.00	100.0	0.0
1.01	0.1	46.1	0.000	0.00	100.0	0.0
1.02	0.2	40.1	0.000	0.01	100.0	0.0
1.03	0.3	36.6	0.001	0.01	100.0	0.0
1.04	0.3	34.2	0.003	0.03	100.0	0.0
1.05	0.4	32.3	0.003	0.02	99.9	0.1
1.06	0.5	30.7	0.004	0.03	99.9	0.1
1.07	0.6	29.4	0.005	0.03	99.9	0.1
1.08	0.7	28.3	0.006	0.04	99.9	0.1
1.09	0.7	27.3	0.008	0.04	99.8	0.2
1.10	0.8	26.4	0.010	0.05	99.8	0.2
1.11	0.9	25.7	0.012	0.05	99.7	0.3
1.12	1.0	24.9	0.014	0.06	99.7	0.3

VSWR	VSWR (dB)	Return loss (dB)	Transmiss. loss (dB)	Reflected voltage coefficient	Transmit. power (%)	Reflected power (%)
1.13	1.1	24.3	0.016	0.06	99.6	0.4
1.14	1.1	23.7	0.019	0.07	99.6	0.4
1.15	1.2	23.1	0.021	0.07	99.5	0.5
1.16	1.3	22.6	0.024	0.07	99.5	0.5
1.17	1.4	22.1	0.027	0.08	99.4	0.6
1.18	1.4	21.7	0.030	0.08	99.3	0.7
1.19	1.5	21.2	0.033	0.09	99.2	0.8
1.20	1.6	20.8	0.036	0.09	99.2	0.8
1.21	1.7	20.4	0.039	0.10	99.1	0.9
1.22	1.7	20.1	0.043	0.10	99.0	1.0
1.23	1.8	19.7	0.046	0.10	98.9	1.1
1.24	1.9	19.4	0.050	0.11	98.9	1.1
1.25	1.9	19.1	0.054	0.11	98.8	1.2